

College Recommendation System

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***Abstract:** Selecting a college can be daunting, especially with limited information about individual colleges. Despite strong academic performance, students may choose colleges that don't fully align with their needs due to a lack of comprehensive data. This paper proposes a novel college recommendation system to empower students and parents in making informed decisions.*

I. INTRODUCTION:

Choosing the right college can be really tough with so many options out there. Luckily, technology has stepped in to help with something called a college recommendation system. This system uses fancy computer stuff like data analysis and machine learning to suggest colleges that match what students are looking for. It considers things like college fees, ratings, how good the teachers are, the social scene, job opportunities after graduation, and what subjects students like. By using a special algorithm called K-Nearest Neighbors, it finds colleges that are similar to what students want, and it organizes them neatly, often by state, to make them easy to look through. Not only that, but it also helps students keep track of upcoming exams and deadlines so they can stay on top of things.

By showing colleges based on where they are, it makes it easier for students to find options that are close by. This paper explores how these recommendation systems work, how effective they are, and how they could change the way we choose colleges. We'll look at both the good and the not-so-good sides of these systems to understand their impact on higher education better.

II. LITERATURE SURVEY:

In this Paper [1], Prof. Sunil Sonawane, Miss. Madhavi Gosavi, Miss. Aparna Pawar, Mr. Omkar Pawar, Mr. Dhananjay Dighe, In exploring college recommendation systems, . proposed utilizing AI and ML techniques, including

the K-Nearest Neighbors (KNN) algorithm. This approach aims to offer personalized recommendations based on factors such as faculty quality and campus life. KNN plays a crucial role in identifying colleges similar to user preferences, streamlining the decision-making process for students. Overall, integrating KNN into recommendation systems

enhances their effectiveness in providing tailored college options.

In this Paper [2], This paper discusses the challenges faced by students after completing their SSC examinations, especially when it comes to choosing the right stream and college. The focus is on simplifying the junior college admission process and assisting students in finding colleges that align with their needs. To achieve this, the authors utilize data mining and query optimization techniques to recommend suitable colleges. Additionally, they employ algorithms like Naive Bayesian and Decision trees to improve recommendation accuracy and minimize search time, ultimately providing students with optimized college choices. By integrating these methods, the paper aims to alleviate the stress and uncertainty associated with college selection, empowering students to make informed decisions about their educational futures.

In this Paper [3], authors state that in the current era, students face challenges in selecting colleges that offer excellent educational standards, campus facilities, placements, and other desirable features. Lack of proper information often leads to students missing out on admission to their desired colleges or branches. To address this issue, a recommendation system is proposed based on factors like college accreditation grades, campus placements, and alumni feedback. By incorporating Semantic analysis algorithms to capture sentiments and combining Naive Bayes and Adaboost algorithms for ranking, the system aims to assist students and parents in making informed choices. The architecture includes modules for admin, alumni, and user functionalities, ensuring

seamless operation. Overall, this recommendation system streamlines the college selection process, making it easier for users to identify suitable colleges based on their preferences and requirements.

[4] The project endeavors to rectify the dearth of tailored platforms catering to SSC graduates in their pursuit of college admissions. Through the deployment of a desktop program, we present an intuitive interface equipped with filters to generate customized lists of universities aligning with students' preferences. By harnessing advanced algorithms and soliciting user feedback, the system furnishes pre-populated college selections predicated on criteria such as caste and geographical location. Comprising four distinct modules, the platform facilitates comprehensive college exploration, comparison, and branch-specific inquiries. Future endeavors include extending the system's functionality to encompass additional educational streams. Ultimately, our initiative aspires to streamline the college selection process, empowering students to make well-informed decisions.

[5] Disease risk prediction is a significant challenge in the medical field, often tackled using machine learning algorithms. Among these, the k-nearest neighbor (KNN) algorithm stands out. This paper explores various KNN variants and compares their performance for disease prediction, using eight benchmark datasets from reputable sources. The study evaluates accuracy, precision, and recall, identifying the Hassanaat KNN and ensemble approach KNN as top performers. Additionally, the paper delves into the algorithmic aspects of KNN variants, including adaptive approaches, weight attribution, and distance metrics. Notably, it highlights the need for comparative performance analysis across KNN variants, which this study addresses comprehensively. Overall, the findings provide valuable insights for healthcare researchers seeking to leverage machine learning for predictive disease analytics.

III. PROBLEM STATEMENT:

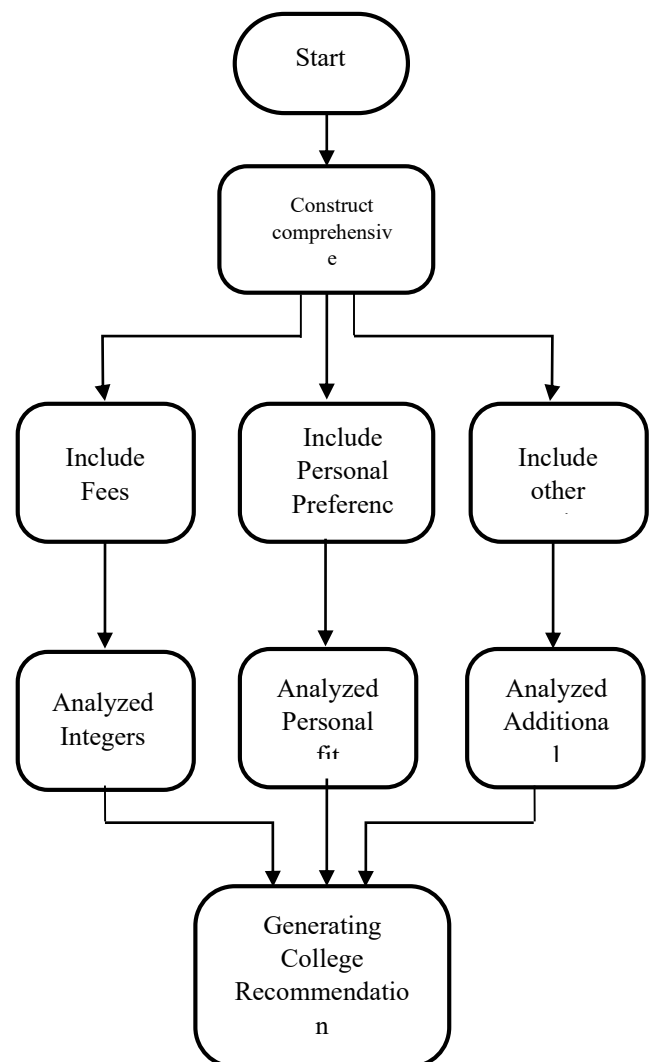
Finding the right engineering college can be challenging for students. To simplify this process, the College Recommendation System analyzes students' grades and preferences to generate a tailored list of suitable colleges. By automating the search and providing detailed information, it saves students valuable time and helps them make well-informed decisions about their education. With this system, students can confidently choose a college that meets their academic and personal needs, setting them on the path to success in their careers, the system saves time and enables students to make well-informed choices. With this support, students can confidently embark on their engineering journey, equipped with the knowledge to select a college that best matches their needs and aspirations.

IV. PROPOSED METHODOLOGY:

Our upcoming website is like a helpful guide for students looking to join engineering colleges. We're building it using simple web languages like HTML, CSS, and JavaScript, along with PHP. Imagine it as a digital assistant that uses a special method called KNN (which is a smart way to find similarities) to suggest colleges based on what students want.

To make sure our recommendations are spot-on, we've collected data from different sources, like Kaggle. We tidy up this data, making sure it's clean and organized, and then store it in our system.

When a student visits our website, they can tell us what they're looking for - things like college fees, faculty rating, and campus vibe. Our system then matches this info with the colleges in our database and shows a list of options, grouped by state. It's like having a personalized advisor right at your fingertips.



A. Process:

During the initial stage, we'll focus on building both the visible part (the frontend) and the hidden part (the backend) of our system. Once this phase is complete, we'll dive into working on the dataset. This dataset will hold detailed information about various engineering colleges, including their fees, locations (city and state), available streams, faculty ratings, college ratings, social life ratings, placement ratings, and more.

User registration details, login credentials, and all other important information needed by the system will be securely stored on our local server. We'll then thoroughly train and test this dataset by putting it through different scenarios. Based on the results we observe, we'll make any necessary adjustments or improvements to ensure the system works smoothly and accurately.

B. Module work:

The code in a PHP script designed to handle form submissions and generate a list of colleges based on user input. When a form is submitted, the script loads data from a CSV file containing information about various colleges, such as their names, states, streams, fees, ratings, and other attributes. This data is preprocessed to ensure consistency and accuracy.

The script then receives input from the form, including the user's preferred state, stream, undergraduate fee, and ratings for factors like faculty, placement, and social life. Using the K-Nearest Neighbors (KNN) algorithm, the script calculates the similarity between the user's input and the colleges in the dataset. It identifies the colleges that are closest to the user's preferences and organizes them by state and stream.

Finally, the script displays the list of colleges matching the user's criteria in a structured format, with each college grouped by state and stream. This output provides users with a concise and organized overview of colleges that align with their preferences, helping them make informed decisions about their education

C. Algorithm:

The K-Nearest Neighbors (KNN) algorithm utilized in the provided code is a simple yet effective method for classification and regression tasks. At its core, KNN operates by measuring the similarity between data points using a distance metric, typically the Euclidean distance. This distance metric calculates the straight-line distance between two points in a multi-dimensional space, providing a measure of their similarity or dissimilarity. In the context of the script, the KNN algorithm compares the user's input, representing their preferences for college attributes, with the attributes of each college in the dataset. This comparison is achieved by computing the Euclidean distance between the user's input and the attributes of each college. The algorithm iterates

through the dataset, calculating the distance between the user's input and every college's attributes.

Once the distances are calculated, the algorithm sorts the colleges based on their proximity to the user's input, with the closest colleges ranked higher in the list. The "K" nearest colleges are then selected based on the value of K, representing the number of nearest neighbors to consider. In the provided code, K is set to 10 by default.

Finally, the script presents the user with a list of colleges that are closest to their preferences, organized by state and stream. This output allows users to easily identify colleges that closely match their criteria, aiding them in making informed decisions about their education and college selection process. By leveraging the KNN algorithm and Euclidean distance metric, the script efficiently generates personalized recommendations for users seeking suitable colleges.

D. Module:

In this module, an Application Programming Interface (API) is employed to access news articles from newsapi.org. The primary objective is to provide students or users with relevant news pertaining to upcoming exams. By integrating this API, the system aims to enhance awareness among students regarding important events and developments that may impact their academic pursuits. It serves as a valuable resource for students to stay informed about exam schedules, changes in examination patterns, study tips, and other relevant information. It's noteworthy that the API used in this module is freely available, although the number of news articles that can be fetched is limited due to the nature of the free version. Nonetheless, even with this limitation, the system plays a crucial role in disseminating timely and pertinent news updates to students, thereby contributing to their overall preparedness and success in their academic endeavors.

V.FUTURE SCOPE:

This system offers numerous benefits to students by providing a comprehensive platform that amalgamates various functionalities. Currently, there is a significant gap in the availability of a single platform that enables students to search for colleges based on their preferences, both in terms of specialization and location, while also delivering relevant news updates regarding exams. Although the system currently caters to specific college streams such as engineering, law, science, arts, management, hotel management, etc., our future plans include expanding its scope to accommodate additional streams and incorporate more features. This expansion will ensure that the system becomes even more versatile and beneficial, catering to the needs of a broader spectrum of students across different educational disciplines. By continuously evolving and enhancing its capabilities, our goal is to create a unified platform that simplifies the college selection process and provides valuable resources to students pursuing various academic paths.

VI.CONCLUSION:

The College Recommendation System is designed to alleviate the burden on students and simplify the college selection process. By providing a user-friendly interface, the system offers students a curated list of colleges tailored to their preferences. To achieve this, we have utilized diverse datasets and machine learning techniques to ensure accurate and relevant recommendations. Additionally, the system incorporates an API to display news related to exams and upcoming examination schedules, aiming to enhance awareness among students and their parents. This

comprehensive approach not only facilitates informed decision-making but also serves as a valuable resource for learners navigating the complexities of college admissions.

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